

RELEASE IN PART B6

From: H <hrod17@clintonemail.com>
Sent: Thursday, March 3, 2011 7:57 PM
To: 'JilotyLC@state.gov'
Subject: Fw: H: Latest Libya intel, lots of stuff. Sid
Attachments: hrc memo latest libya 022311.docx

Pls print.

From: sbwhoeop [REDACTED]
Sent: Wednesday, February 23, 2011 01:11 PM
To: H
Subject: H: Latest Libya intel, lots of stuff. Sid

B6

CONFIDENTIAL

February 23, 2011

For: Hillary
From: Sid
Re: Latest Libya intel

There's a lot of fresh intelligence here. On the first item (marked unconfirmed), I have heard from an independent source (a former Qaddafi counselor) that it is accurate.

MOST RECENT REPORTING (UNCONFIRMED, PLEASE HANDLE ACCORDINGLY): European security officials have received unconfirmed (repeat unconfirmed) reporting that Muammar Qaddafi has order the commanders of the Libyan Air Force to develop plans to destroy the Libyan oil facilities in the event he is killed or driven from the country. According to this source the Air Force officers were stunned by what they describe as Qaddafi wanting to leave nothing behind for his enemies. These officers do not believe they can find pilots to fly such missions.)

(Source Comment: Senior advisors believe that Muammar Qaddafi may lose control of Tripoli in the next five (5) days, in which case he will be forced retreat to his fortress in the southern desert, from which he can fight on

or some time, supported by loyal followers and mercenaries. His hope in this case would be that the various tribal councils now being set up as parts of a potential interim government will begin fighting with each other, allowing him to stage a return to power in the future. Qaddafi discussed this situation with two of his sons Montasem and Saif al-Islam Qaddafi (living in London.) It is this possibility that Saif al-Islam is referring to when he has warned of civil war on several occasions. In this regard, Qaddafi is counting on the support of Chad's President Idriss Debi, who was able to defeat the forces of his predecessor, Hussein Habri, only with Qaddafi's aid and support in 1990-91.)

Overview: As of February 23 an official of a Western security services stated privately that as many as 1,500 people have been killed in fighting between Libyan forces—augmented by mercenaries from a variety of African countries--and anti-government demonstrators. (Source Comment: This official adds that members of the family of Muammar Qaddafi attempted to fly to Malta on February 23, but were turned back by Maltese authorities.) At the same time, senior European officials believe that as more members of the security forces go over to the opposition Qaddafi may lose control of Tripoli, at which point he will be forced to retire to his fortress in the Southern desert.

A senior official of the Libyan External Security Organization (ESO) stated privately that Qaddafi believes he has lost control of the majority of troops in the Libyan Army, and he no longer trusts the National Guard, the Peoples Militia, the Navy, and even his old colleagues in the Air Force. Qaddafi continues to have confidence in the ESO, and his Presidential Guard.

Over the weekend of February 19 Army Major General Mahmoud Suleiman, commander of the Tobruk garrison, warned Qaddafi's son Montasem that his troops would not continue to fire on demonstrators and that many of his men were defecting to the opposition. In turn, with his father's agreement, Montasem made contact with security officials in Chad, Benin, Nigeria, and a number of other West African countries to recruit mercenary troops to use in suppressing the demonstrations. With the agreement of the security officials in these countries Libyan officials recruited 3,000-5,000 private soldiers. (Source Comment: Qaddafi has cultivated relationships in these West African countries over the last twenty years.) General Suleiman joined the opposition on the morning 23 February.

These mercenary forces have taken part in fighting across Libya and have been blamed by observers for many of the casualties inflicted on the demonstrators. At the same time, a number of these foreign troops have fallen into the hands of demonstrators and been killed, with their bodies set out for public view. There have also been instances where Africans not involved in the fighting have been attacked and killed by the demonstrators.

Current Developments: During the evening of February 23 a well placed source stated that as the situation throughout Libya deteriorates Qaddafi is telling senior advisors and family members that he is being betrayed by the United States, Great Britain, Italy, and many European Union Countries. At the beginning of the current crisis Qaddafi was convinced that his improved relations with the Western nations would allow him to use harsh tactics against protestors while avoiding serious international repercussions. As these tactics fail to end the demonstration and members of the Army and other Security forces go over to the demonstrators, Qaddafi has become increasingly isolated and erratic in his behavior. He is now dealing with Montasem and members of his immediate family and fears that Western Governments may attempt assassinate him in an effort to prevent further disruption of Libya's oil industry.

The Italian Government is paying close attention to the situation in Libya, and the Italian External Intelligence Service (SISME) estimates that up to 500,000 Libyans will attempt reach Malta and Southern Europe if the situation in Libya continues to deteriorate. With this in mind the Italians are reaching out to the leaders of the I-Sanusi tribe—the old royal family—and encouraging them to form a council of tribal leaders. These groups will call for a return to the pre-1969 constitution for a short period of time, using this as a stabilizing factor, while a new constitution is drafted and elections held. (Source Comment: An officer of the current government stated that it would be interesting to see how the young demonstrators react to the attempts of these tribal leaders to gain power. This same individual stated that the effort to form a new government will be complicated by the attempts by Qaddafi loyalists like former protocol chief Nouri Al Masmari and the Ministers of Justice and the Interior to reinvent themselves as dissidents. Finally, this individual noted that former Minister of Justice Mustafa Mohamed Abud Al Jeleil has told European contacts that he has evidence establishing a direct link between Qaddafi and the Lockerbee bombing. He is weighing the possibility that by exposing this information he may ingratiate himself to the West.

CONFIDENTIAL

February 23, 2011

For: Hillary
From: Sid
Re: Latest Libya intel

There's a lot of fresh intelligence here. On the first item (marked unconfirmed), I have heard from an independent source (a former Qaddafi counselor) that it is accurate.

European security officials have received unconfirmed (repeat unconfirmed) reporting that Muammar Qaddafi has ordered the commanders of the Libyan Air Force to develop plans to destroy the Libyan oil facilities in the event he is killed or driven from the country. According to this source the Air Force officers were stunned by what they describe as Qaddafi wanting to leave nothing behind for his enemies. These officers do not believe they can find pilots to fly such missions.)

(Source Comment: Senior advisors believe that Muammar Qaddafi may lose control of Tripoli in the next five (5) days, in which case he will be forced to retreat to his fortress in the southern desert, from which he can fight on for some time, supported by loyal followers and mercenaries. His hope in this case would be that the various tribal councils now being set up as parts of a potential interim government will begin fighting with each other, allowing him to stage a return to power in the future. Qaddafi discussed this situation with two of his sons Montasem and Saif al-Islam Qaddafi (living in London.) It is this possibility that Saif al-Islam is referring to when he has warned of civil war on several occasions. In this regard, Qaddafi is counting on the support of Chad's President Idriss Debi, who was able to defeat the forces of his predecessor, Hussein Habri, only with Qaddafi's aid and support in 1990-91.)

Overview: As of February 23 an official of a Western security services stated privately that as many as 1,500 people have been killed in fighting between Libyan forces—augmented by mercenaries from a variety of African countries--and anti-government demonstrators. (Source Comment: This official adds that members of the family of Muammar Qaddafi attempted to fly to Malta on February 23, but were turned back by Maltese authorities.) At the same time, senior European officials believe that as more members of the security forces go over to the opposition Qaddafi may lose control of Tripoli, at which point he will be forced to retire to his fortress in the Southern desert.

A senior official of the Libyan External Security Organization (ESO) stated privately that Qaddafi believes he has lost control of the majority of troops in the Libyan Army, and he no longer trusts the National Guard, the Peoples Militia, the Navy, and even his old colleagues in the Air Force. Qaddafi continues to have confidence in the ESO, and his Presidential Guard.

Over the weekend of February 19 Army Major General Mahmoud Suleiman, commander of the Tobruk garrison, warned Qaddafi's son Montasem that his troops would not continue to fire on demonstrators and that many of his men were defecting to the opposition. In turn, with his father's agreement, Montasem made contact with security officials in Chad, Benin, Nigeria, and