

RELEASE IN PART
B6

From: H <hrod17@clintonemail.com>
Sent: Saturday, June 6, 2009 4:57 PM
To: 'millsd@state.gov'
Subject: Re: Concept Paper for World Food Prize Remarks - Attached and Below (Drafted by Megan Rooney)

Are you ok w it? Can we claim more leadership for you, me and State?

----- Original Message -----

From: Mills, Cheryl D <MillsCD@state.gov>
To: H
Cc: Abedin, Huma <AbedinH@state.gov>; Sullivan, Jacob J <SullivanJJ@state.gov>
Sent: Sat Jun 06 15:37:42 2009
Subject: Concept Paper for World Food Prize Remarks - Attached and Below (Drafted by Megan Rooney)

June 6, 2009 11:30am

Rooney (x7-7203,)

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CONCEPT NOTE FOR WORLD FOOD PRIZE CEREMONY

Thursday, June 11, 2009

This speech is an opportunity to signal the urgency of the problem of global hunger; connect it to an array of global issues, including economic development, health and education, expanding opportunity for women, and political stability; and declare the Administration's commitment to tackling hunger at its roots, through effective and efficient collaboration with an array of partners.

Additionally, your remarks can point to a shift from past approaches by emphasizing the need to support local solutions and focus on long-term sustainability to help people feed themselves and reduce the need for emergency assistance down the road.

The speech could be framed as follows:

THE PRIZE AND PRIZE-WINNER

You can begin by announcing the winner of the 2009 World Food Prize, Dr. Gebisa Ejeta. He has a remarkable story: born in a mud hut in Ethiopia, he got his PhD from Purdue University in plant breeding and genetics and developed

strains of sorghum that are drought-tolerant, high-yield, and resistant to the Striga weed, which devastates crops across Africa.

Outside the lab, he helped start the Sudanese commercial seed industry; developed systems to produce, certify, and market hybrid seeds; and educated farmers about the use of fertilizers and soil and water conservation. And he has trained and inspired the next generation of African agricultural scientists.

A COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH: FROM LAB TO FARM TO MARKET TO TABLE

Dr. Ejeta's work reflects the breadth of this issue and the comprehensive approach needed to address it—one that connects the labs where new seed technologies are developed... the fields where small-scale farmers labor to feed their families and make a living... the markets where food is bought and sold... and the homes where people get the nourishment they need to thrive.

In many places, that food chain is broken. One billion people worldwide woke up hungry this morning and will go to sleep hungry tonight. Chronic hunger threatens health, while making it harder for people to work and students to learn, which in turn stunts economic development. Last year's food riots demonstrated that when food is scarce, political stability is threatened.

To date, the world's primary response to hunger has been to send emergency food aid. While this saves lives, it is a short-term fix, and we need a long-term solution.

The Obama Administration is committed to leading in developing a new global approach. We will support the creation of sustainable agricultural systems in appropriate regions around the world, to increase agricultural productivity, create jobs, strengthen economies, and protect natural resources.

We will do this not by imposing one-size-fits-all solutions, but by assisting countries in carrying out individual strategies that meet their needs—for example, through the Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Plan. To facilitate coordination and share best practices, we will seek to convene donor governments, multilateral institutions, NGOs, private companies, foundations, universities, and individuals.

THE ANCHORS OF OUR APPROACH

We've identified seven anchors that secure sustainable agriculture systems. These will guide our approach.

- Increase agricultural productivity by expanding access to quality seeds, fertilizer, irrigation, the credit to purchase them, and the training to use them.
- Stimulate the post-harvest sector by improving the storage and processing of food and improving transportation to connect small farmers to markets.
- Maintain natural resources so the land can be farmed well into the future and we can make the right adaptations for the changing environment.

- Expand knowledge and training by support R&D and developing the next generation of agriculture scientists.
- Increase trade so small-scale farmers in developing countries can sell their crops far and wide.
- Support policy reform and good governance, because sustainable agriculture flourishes in a clear and predictable policy and regulatory environment.
- Support women and families in agriculture. Seventy percent of the world's farmers are women, but most of the programs that offer credit and training to farmers target men. This must change for agriculture to thrive. And children must have nutrition to contribute to their communities' future.

A PREVIEW OF WHAT'S TO COME

In the coming weeks, President Obama, Secretary Vilsack and I will be reaching out to share our approach to global coordination and agriculture in greater detail. We will seek the input, wisdom and guidance of those who have been working so long in this arena—from the Congress to NGOs to academics to foundations to the private sector. The President's conversations at the G-8 meeting in Italy in two weeks will address our approach, as well as my trip to Africa in August.

Addressing hunger and food is essential to achieving economic recovery, stabilizing societies, and expanding opportunity for hundreds of millions of people worldwide. This is why supporting sustainable agriculture worldwide will be a central element of foreign policy in the Obama Administration.

CONCLUSION

You can circle back to the story of Dr. Ejeta to close. He represents the need for a multinational approach: born in Ethiopia, educated in the United States, advised by Indian scientists, advisor to several African nations.